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Current Affairs - 01 March 2025

BORDER ROADS ORGANISATION (BRO)



- It is a **road construction executive force** in India that provides **infrastructural support to the Indian Armed Forces.**
- It works under the **Ministry of Defence.**
- **Establishment**: It was formed on 7 May **1960** to secure India's borders and develop infrastructure in remote areas of the north and north-east states of the country.
- It develops and maintains road networks in India's border areas and friendly neighboring countries.
- Over the years, the organisation has **diversified into the construction** of steel bridges, airfields, townships, tunneling works and hydroelectric projects.
- In order to ensure coordination and expeditious execution of projects, the Government of
 India set up the Border Roads Development Board (BRDB) with the Prime Minister
 as Chairman of the Board and the Defence Minister as Deputy Chairman.
- BRO is also included in the Order of Battle of the Armed Forces, ensuring their support at any time.
 - The BRO also has an operational role during national emergencies and the outbreak of hostilities, when it provides direct support to the Army in the maintenance of roads in the forward zones and executes other functions specified by the government.
 - It also provides the workforce for the rehabilitation of certain forward airfields of the Indian Air Force during operations.
- One of BRO's notable achievements is the Atal Tunnel, which holds the distinction of being the world's longest highway tunnel at 9.02 kilometers.
- **Motto** of the organization: **Shramena Sarvam Sadhyam** (everything is achievable through hard work).





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WHAT IS AUROVILLE?



Auroville celebrated its 57th birth anniversary with bonfire meditation at the Amphitheatre, Matrimandir, recently.

- It is an **experimental international township** in **South India (in Tamil Nadu**, near Pondicherry) where thousands of **residents from over 60 countries** are exploring **alternative ways of living**, working, and being together peacefully.
- It was **founded by Mirra Alfassa**, known as the **'Mother'**, the **spiritual collaborator of Sri Aurobindo**, on the 28th of February, **1968**, as an international cultural township.
- It was designed by the famous architect Roger Anger.
- It is the largest and oldest surviving international intentional community in the world.
 - It has flourished from a barren desert to a 3,000-acre township and bioregion in which more than 3 million trees have been planted, home to rich biodiversity, 9 schools, multiple social enterprises, etc.
- The Aurovilleans, as they call themselves, live together on the principles of peace, harmony, sustainable living, and 'divine consciousness' which were the philosophy of the Mother.
- **UNESCO had endorsed the project** of Auroville through four resolutions in 1966, 1968, 1970 and 1983.
- The township is under the administrative control of the Ministry of Education since 1980 and is administered as per the provisions of the Auroville Foundation Act, 1988, passed by the Parliament of India.
- According to the provisions of the Auroville Foundation Act, the Government of India
 provides partial funding in the form of grants to the Foundation for meeting its
 expenditure on the establishment, maintenance and development of Auroville.





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THE STEPS THAT WILL SHAPE INDIA'S AI AMBITION

- As software developers in Bengaluru compete with Chinese firms for AI-driven projects, the nation faces challenges, striving to catch up with Silicon Valley while being pursued by China and Southeast Asia.
- The core challenge is not simply the preference for local or foreign AI platforms but rather the risk that excessive regulations might slow down India's momentum.
- To maintain its competitive edge, India must navigate the complexities of AI adoption, regulatory pressures, and global market dynamics with strategic foresight.

Steps that Will Shape India's Ambition

- The Need for Regulatory Clarity
 - While AI adoption must be rapid to maintain India's competitive edge, regulatory clarity is essential.
 - At present, India's AI policy landscape is fragmented, with different agencies proposing conflicting guidelines.
 - To avoid legal uncertainty, policymakers should focus on strengthening existing laws rather than introducing new ones.
 - Lessons from the EU and U.S. indicate that AI can be effectively governed by adapting current legislation.
 - o **India already has a robust legal framework** covering antitrust laws, corporate liability, free speech, and public order, which can be extended to AI governance.
- Strike a Balance between Innovation and Regulation
 - India's priority should be to encourage rapid AI adoption while ensuring opensource accessibility and flexible technological frameworks.
 - The country's long-term success in the AI sector depends on its ability to strike a balance between innovation and regulation, enabling its IT industry to thrive in the global marketplace.





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Conclusion

- India stands at a pivotal moment in the AI revolution, where its choices today will determine its place in the global digital economy.
- While regulatory concerns must be addressed, excessive restrictions could impede growth and push businesses elsewhere.
- Instead, **India should focus on fostering an AI-friendly ecosystem**, leveraging its IT strengths, and ensuring that AI adoption aligns with national interests.
- By pursuing strategic international partnerships, maintaining regulatory flexibility, and supporting AI-driven innovation, India can secure its leadership in the global AI race.

UNION CABINET APPROVES AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE JPC TO THE WAQF (AMENDMENT) BILL

- The Union Cabinet has approved all 14 amendments proposed by the **Joint**Parliamentary Committee (JPC) to the Waqf (Amendment) Bill, 2024.
- The Bill is expected to be tabled in Parliament during the second half of the Budget session starting on March 10.
- The amendments address key provisions concerning the regulation, registration, and dispute resolution mechanisms for waqf properties in India.

Key Amendments Approved by the JPC:

- Extended time-frame for registration:
 - The Bill initially required all waqf properties to be registered on a central portal within six months of the law's enactment.
 - The JPC accepted an amendment allowing an extension if the mutawalli (caretaker) provides a valid reason for the delay.
 - The Waqf Tribunal will have the power to grant such extensions, though no fixed timeline has been specified.





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Another amendment extends the deadline for waqfs to file legal proceedings even
if not registered on the portal, provided an affidavit explaining the delay is
submitted.

• Role of district collector in dispute resolution:

- The 2024 Bill **originally** transferred the power of determining government property claims from the Waqf Tribunal to the **District Collector**.
- The JPC modified this provision, accepting amendments to replace the District
 Collector with a designated senior state government officer.
- The so-called "designated officer" will be responsible for making necessary changes to the revenue records, if a property is deemed to be a government property and not a Waqf property.
- Until a final decision is made, disputed property will continue to be treated as government property.

• Changes in Waqf Board representation:

- The 2024 Bill proposed allowing a non-Muslim Chief Executive Officer, and at least two non-Muslim members to be appointed by the state government to the waqf boards at the state level.
- o The JPC amended this, ensuring that the government official in the Board must be a **Joint Secretary-level officer** dealing with Waqf matters.
- Another amendment mandates the inclusion of a member in the Waqf Tribunal with expertise in Muslim law and jurisprudence.

Conclusion:

- The amendments aim to balance government oversight with waqf autonomy, addressing concerns regarding property disputes, legal recourse, and representation on waqf boards.
- The revised Bill is expected to be debated in Parliament soon, where further discussions
 may shape its final implementation.





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INDIA'S ADITYA-L1 SPOTS SOLAR FLARE 'KERNEL

Aditya-L1, India's first space-based solar mission, has achieved a breakthrough as its Solar Ultraviolet Imaging Telescope (SUIT) captured the first-ever image of a solar flare 'kernel' in the lower solar atmosphere, specifically in the photosphere and chromosphere.

The photosphere is the visible surface of the sun, while the chromosphere is a layer above the photosphere.

Solar Corona: The Sun's Outermost Layer

- The solar corona is the Sun's outermost layer of atmosphere, made of ionized gas. It's visible during a total solar eclipse or with a special telescope called a coronagraph.
- Characteristics of the Solar Corona
 - Extremely Hot: Temperatures range from 1 to 10 million Kelvin, much hotter than the Sun's surface.
 - o **Plasma Composition:** Made of highly ionized gas.
 - o **Dynamic Structure:** Constantly changing due to the Sun's magnetic fields.
 - Emits High-Energy Radiation: Produces significant ultraviolet and X-ray radiation.

Solar Flare

- A solar flare is a sudden and intense burst of solar energy from the Solar atmosphere.
- This phenomenon is caused by Sun's magnetic field.
 - o The magnetic field of the Sun is very dynamic in nature. Sometime they suddenly snap and release intense burst of energy − like a powerful, short flash.
- These flares emit radiation across the electromagnetic spectrum, including X-rays and ultraviolet light, and can impact space weather, disrupting satellite communications, GPS, and power grids on Earth.
- Solar flares often originate from sunspots and are classified into categories (A, B, C, M, and X) based on their intensity.





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Solar Ultraviolet Imaging Telescope (SUIT)

- SUIT is one of the seven payloads on Aditya-L1, designed to capture full-disk images of the Sun in the 2000–4000 Å wavelength range, which has never been obtained before.
- Key Features & Importance
 - Records images in a wavelength crucial for maintaining Ozone and Oxygen in Earth's atmosphere.
 - o Measures UV radiation, which can be hazardous for skin cancer.
 - Addresses fundamental questions about the higher-temperature solar atmosphere and the origin of near-ultraviolet radiation.
 - Aids in studying high-energy solar flares and solar radiation from Hard X-ray to Infrared.
 - Supports in-situ measurements of solar wind particles and the Sun's magnetic field at L1 point.

OCELOT CHIP



- It is a **new quantum computing chip** with a **nine-qubit chip** that has been internally **fabricated by Amazon.**
- It has been developed by the team at the **Amazon Web Services** (**AWS**)Center for Quantum Computing at the California Institute of Technology.
- AWS used a novel design for Ocelot's architecture, building error correction in from the ground up and using the 'cat qubit'. Cat qubit is named after the famous Schrödinger's cat.
- It intrinsically **suppresses certain forms of errors**, reducing the resources required for quantum error correction.
- It has been designed to help Amazon build highly efficient hardware systems.

Components of Chip:





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- The Ocelot chip consists of two integrated silicon microchips with an area of roughly one square centimeter each, bonded one on top of one another in an electrically-connected chip stack.
- It has 14 core components: five data qubits (the cat qubits), five 'buffer circuits' for stabilizing the data qubits, and four additional qubits for detecting errors on the data qubits.
- The cat qubits store the quantum states used for computation, for which it relies on components called oscillators, which generate a repetitive electrical signal along with steady timing.

BIODIVERSITY LEAK



• Biodiversity Leakage is a phenomena where the **displacement of nature-damaging** human activities caused by protecting or restoring areas

of land.

- In this process **conservation policies in one region** inadvertently drive environmental degradation in another region.
- It occurs when **restrictions on agricultural production** in conservation areas lead to increased demand for imports from other regions, often rich in biodiversity.
- Biodiversity leakage is undermining global efforts to halt biodiversity loss.
- There are concerns that large-scale conservation initiatives in regions like Europe and China are causing production shortfalls for agricultural commodities.

Measures to mitigate biodiversity leakage:

- Tracking changes in food or wood production within intervention areas as part of routine programme monitoring.
- **Scrutinising projects that report near-zero** losses in production to distinguish those with effective leakage mitigation from those with little or no conservation impact.





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- Including explicit consideration of both local and long-range leakage in national and international conservation policies.
- Reducing demand for high-leakage goods and improving efficiencies in line with production decreases.
- **Targeting conservation efforts** in areas where biodiversity restoration will cause minimal displacement of production.
- **Increasing yields** within or near conservation project areas to offset losses.

EXERCISE DESERT HUNT 2025



Exercise Desert Hunt 2025 was conducted at Air Force Station Jodhpur from 24 to 28 February 2025.

- It is an **integrated Tri-Service Special Forces exercise** conducted by the Indian Air Force.
- The exercise involved elite **Para** (Special Forces) from the Indian Army, the **Marine Commandos** from the Indian Navy along with the **Garud** (**Special Forces**) from the Indian Air Force, participating together in a simulated combat environment.
- **Aim:** This high-intensity drill was aimed **at enhancing interoperability**, coordination and synergy among the three Special Forces units to ensure swift and effective response towards emerging security challenges.
- The exercise included airborne insertion, precision strikes, hostage rescue, counterterrorism operations, combat free falls and urban warfare scenarios wherein the combat readiness of the forces was tested under realistic conditions.

Significance: It provides a platform to foster the commitment of the Indian Armed Forces to strengthen national security through seamless inter-service cooperation.